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## Great

 Transcontinental RouteVith Inturmation as to C.P.R.Transcontinental Rout

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 Pacific RailwayAnnotated Time'Table<br>With Information as to C. P. R. Transcontinental Routes

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Steamship sailings herein are weather permitting ; and for river, gulf, lake and ferry steamers are during season of navigation only. Ferry at Quebee, Prescott and Detroit, and Bieamship sailings from Vancouver, Viotoria and. San Franciaco, and Pacifio Coast are all the year.


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## Transcontinental Route WESTBOUND

 CONDENSED TIME TABLE| stations | 1 -IMPERRIAI」 LIMITHD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | OF WREX |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| W YORX, via Mentreal, ............Lv New York Coutral Rd | 7.30 pm | Sun | Mo | Tu | Wo | Th | Fri | Sat |
|  |  | Sun |  | Tu | We | Th | rrt | sut |
| W York, vid Torent | 8.00 pm <br> 7.30 pm | $\underset{\text { Sun }}{\text { Sun }}$ | $\mathbf{M o}_{\mathbf{N O}_{0}}$ | $\underset{\text { Tu }}{\text { Tu }}$ | $\underset{W_{\theta}}{\mathbf{W}_{e}}$ | $\mathrm{Th}_{\mathbf{T h}}$ | ${ }_{\text {Frir }}^{\text {Frin }}$ | SatSat |
| Eric Pd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8.30 am | Sat | Me | Tu | We | Th | Fr1 | .... |
| Boaton, via Mentreal | 8.60 pm | sun | $\frac{\mathrm{Mo}}{\mathrm{Mo}}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{Tu}}{7 \mathrm{Tu}}$ | We | Th | Mr! |  |
| orliand, Me., vLa Montrea | 8.40 D | SuI |  |  | We | Th | Fri | at |
| hialifax, N. S | $\begin{aligned} & 8.00 \mathrm{am} \\ & 5.10 \mathrm{pm} \end{aligned}$ | ….... | Mo | Tu <br> Tu | ${ }_{\text {We }}^{\text {We }}$ | $\underset{\mathrm{Th}}{\mathrm{Th}}$ | $\stackrel{\text { Pr }}{\text { Yri }}$ | Sat Sat Sat |
| Quebec........................... .Lv | 10.30 pm | Sun | MO | Tu | We | - Th | FH | $\frac{\text { Sit }}{} \frac{\text { SuII }}{}$ |
| MONTREAL.WInd | 0.30 Bab | $\mathrm{Mo}_{10}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{\mathrm{Tu}}{\mathrm{Tu}} \mathbf{T u} \end{gathered}$ | We | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Th} \\ & \hline \mathrm{~Tb} \\ & \hline \mathrm{Th} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{Pr}^{-}$ | $\frac{8 a t}{88 a t}$ |  |
| Prow | $\begin{aligned} & 7.20 \mathrm{an} \\ & 7.10 \mathrm{am} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { We } \\ & \text { We } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{\mathrm{Pri}}{\mathrm{YH}}$ |  | sun |
|  |  | MoMo <br> Mo <br> Mo | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tu } \\ & \text { Tu } \\ & \text { Tu } \\ & \text { Tu } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{W e}_{6} \\ & \mathbf{w e}_{6} \\ & \text { we } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{T h} \\ & \frac{T h}{T h} \\ & \frac{T h}{T h} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \mathrm{Frr} \\ \mathrm{Fr} \\ \mathrm{Frr} \\ \mathrm{HHH} \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sat } \\ & \text { Sat } \\ & \text { Sait } \end{aligned}$$\begin{aligned} & \text { sal } \\ & \text { Sat } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Cariet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buffilo.............................Lv | 7.45 am 8.43 am <br> 9.55 a3n | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mo } \\ & \text { Mo } \\ & \text { Mo } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mu} \\ \text { Tu } \\ \text { Tu } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { We } \\ \text { We } \\ \text { We } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Th} \\ \substack{\text { Th } \\ \text { Thin }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \substack{\mathrm{Fr} \\ \mathrm{Fri} \\ \mathrm{FH}} \end{gathered}$ | Stit | Sinn sur |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bratifor } \\ & \text { Hamilto } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toronto, E.T.1. | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{1.00 \mathrm{pm}}$ | ${ }_{\text {Mo }}^{\text {Mo }}$ | Tu <br> Tu | We | ThTh | $\underset{\mathrm{FrI}}{\mathrm{FrI}}$ | SatSat | Sinn |
| NORTA BAY, G.T.L. .............Ar. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NORTH BAY |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MoO} \\ & \mathrm{Mog} \\ & \text { Tu } \\ & \text { Tu } \\ & \text { Tu } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tu } \\ & \text { Tu } \\ & W_{0} \\ & W_{e}^{e} \\ & W_{u} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { We } \\ \text { We } \\ \text { Th } \\ \text { Th } \\ \text { Th } \\ \hline \text { Th } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | sat |  |
| Scadhury |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sat Sun Sun |  |
| Nopleon. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Suan | , |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sun | , |
| Toronto .............. sum. is Lb |  |  | ... | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tu } \\ & \text { Tu } \\ & \text { We } \\ & \text { Th } \\ & \text { Th } \\ & \hline \text { Th } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ........ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Th } \\ & \text { Tht } \\ & \text { Frit } \\ & \text { Fit } \\ & \text { sat } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sat } \begin{array}{l} \text { sat } \\ \text { sat } \\ \text { Mo } \\ \text { Mo } \end{array} . \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PORT ARTHUR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | y11.0 1 mm |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| port milifam (Ceatral Time).....lv | ${ }_{\text {cki }}^{16.55}$ | ${ }^{\text {Tu }}$ | We | ${ }_{\text {Th }}$ | Fri | Sat | sun |  |
| HINNIPRG...................... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Arv } \\ \text { Ar }\end{array}\right.$ | 7.15 | We | ${ }_{\text {Th }}^{\text {Th }}$ | Fri | sat Sat Sat | ${ }^{\text {Bun }}$ | Mo |  |
| Portage la Pra |  |  | Th | ${ }_{\text {rri }}$ | Sat | 8inn | Mo | ${ }_{\text {Ta }}^{\text {Tu }}$ |
| Brandon (M | 10.12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regina. | 17,65 |  |  |  | Ssat | Sun | \% | ${ }_{\text {Tu }}$ |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {Tu }}$ | ${ }_{\text {We }}^{\text {We }}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{Th}}{\text { Th }}$ | ${ }_{\text {FHi }}$ | Sat | 8un | (100 |
| chneapous |  | $\stackrel{\text { We }}{\text { Th }}$ | We | ${ }_{\text {Sat }}^{\text {Prit }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Medicline Hai | ( $\begin{gathered}18.30 \\ 2.48 \\ 8.10\end{gathered}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {rri }}$ |  | Sat <br> Saun <br> Sun | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Sun } \\ \text { mo }}}$ | ${ }^{\text {Mo }}$ | ${ }_{\text {We }}^{\text {Tu }}$ |
| Oaldary | 8.1011.3514.601.80 | $\underset{\text { Th }}{\text { Th }}$ | $\stackrel{\mathrm{rr}}{\mathrm{Pr}}$ | Stat |  | Mo | fu |  |
| Hold (Pact |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { Pr }}{\substack{\text { Prin }}}$ | Stat | - Sun | Mo | Tu | We |
| GLActra | 18.52 | Th |  | SatSatSat |  | M0 |  |  |
| SEVEIS' |  |  |  |  | Sun | ${ }_{\text {Mo }}^{\text {Tu }}$ | Tu |  |
| Hopat mend. | $\begin{array}{r}8.05 \\ 11.15 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Pri} \\ & \mathrm{FrI} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {Bat }}^{\text {Bat }}$ | Sun | M0 |  |  |  |
| Abhotafo | 11.38 | H |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bumas | 11.45 | Pr | Sat | Sun | M0 | Tu | ${ }_{\text {We }}^{\text {We }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Th }}$ |
| Suman Cilsy, Seattie \& Iat. Ry......Lv |  | ${ }_{\text {Frin }}$ |  | ¢inn |  |  |  |  |
| Sostio. Wash. | $\begin{aligned} & 3.18 \mathrm{pma} \\ & 455 \mathrm{pm} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {Yri }}$ | Sat | Sun | $\mathrm{MO}_{0}$ | Tu Tu | We ${ }_{\text {We }}^{\text {We }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Th }}^{\text {Th }}$ |
| Tricoma. Wash, N. P. Rd. .........Ar | 11.00 pm | ${ }^{\mathrm{Pri}}$ | Bat | sun | Mo | Tu | Wo | Th |
| Procma, Waah., N. P.Rd............1v |  | Sat | Sun Sun | No |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{3.65}$ am |  | ${ }_{\text {sun }}^{\text {Tu }}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {Th }}$ | $\stackrel{\text { We }}{\text { Frior }}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {Pri }}$ |
| Bay Pranclisco. Cal., so. Pac. Ba . Ar | 7.45 a | Mo | Tu | ${ }_{\mathbf{W}}$ | ${ }_{\text {Th }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Fri }}$ |  |  |
| Mission Junc.. .................Lv | 11.25 | Fri | Sat | sun | Mo | Tu | Wo | Th |
| Vow Weotminstor...................Ar | 2.08 | Pri | Sat | Sun | $\mathrm{m}_{0}$ | Tu | We | Th |
|  | 13.15 19.45 | ${ }_{\text {Pr }}^{\text {Pr }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Sat } \\ \text { Sat }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sin } \\ & \text { Sun } \end{aligned}$ | MO | Tu | Wo |  |
|  |  |  | Sat |  |  | Tu | , | Th |
|  |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Aug. } \\ \text { ang. } \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{8.30 \mathrm{pm}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12.00 am <br> 8.30 am | Sat | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surf } \\ & \text { Sun } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tu } \\ & \text { Tu } \end{aligned}$ | w: | $\underset{\substack{\mathbf{T h} \\ \mathbf{T h} \\ \hline}}{\mathbf{c \|}}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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# Transontifental Route EAST＇BOUND 

 CONDENSED TIME TABLE| sт | E－IMP\＃RIAL ITMMITHD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TIME | days or wrax． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\xrightarrow[\substack{1.00 \\ \text { 18．00 } \\ 13.15}]{ }$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \substack{\mathrm{Th} \\ \mathrm{Th} \\ \mathrm{Th}} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sat } \\ & \text { sat } \\ & \text { Rat } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{y}{n}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Tu}_{10} \\ \mathrm{Tu}_{\mathrm{Tu}} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Now Westminater，B． O ． | 18.16 | TL | Prir | Sot | Sun | Mo | Tu |  |
|  |  | Mo |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Th } \\ & \text { That } \end{aligned}$ |  | Sat |  |
| Tzcoma，Wash．，N．N． P ．Rd | 6.05 | Th | Prir | Sat | Sun | Mo | Tu | Wo |
| Soatio，Wash．，Beattlo，¢ Int． |  | ${ }_{\text {Th }}^{\text {Th }}$ | ${ }_{\text {rr }}^{\text {rr }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Sal }}^{\text {Sal }}$ | Sinn | ${ }^{\text {Mo }}$ | ${ }_{\text {ru }}^{\text {ru }}$ | ＊ |
| Sumas Cltry， | 10．20 pma | ${ }_{\text {rin }}$ | ${ }_{\text {rr }}^{\text {rr }}$ |  | 8in | ${ }_{\text {Mo }}$ |  | Wo |
| SUMAS <br> Abbottaford．．．． | $\frac{14.15}{14,25}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\mathrm{Tb}}{\mathrm{~Tb}} \\ & \hline \mathrm{~Tb} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bat } \\ & \hline \text { Bat } \\ & \text { Bata } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sin } \\ & \text { sin } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mo } \\ & \text { Mo } \\ & \text { Mo } \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | Wo |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sin } \\ & \text { sun } \\ & \text { Mo } \\ & \text { Mo } \\ & \text { Ho } \\ & \text { Ho } \\ & \text { Tu4 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {Sun }}^{\text {Sun }}$ | Mo | Tu | W0 | ${ }_{\text {Ph }}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Sat } \\ \text { Sat }}}{\text { Sat }}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Mo } \\ \text { Ho } \\ \text { Mo } \\ \text { Mo } \\ \text { Mo } \\ \hline \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.30 | Sim |  | $\xrightarrow{\text { Tu }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| artar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sorser |  | ， |  | ${ }_{\text {Th }}^{\text {Th }}$ |  |  | Sun |  |
| RT wrilitim（Eant．Time）．．．．．．Lv |  | ， |  | T |  |  |  |  |
| 込 |  |  | \％ | ${ }^{\text {an }}$ | w。 | ， |  |  |
|  | 7.10 am | cis | ${ }_{\text {Tu }}^{\substack{\text { Tu } \\ \text { Tu }}}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {Th }}^{\text {Th }}$ |  |  |  |
| th Bay，G．T | \％${ }^{\text {T．4．40 am }}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }_{\text {rum }}$ | ${ }_{\text {W\％}}^{6 .}$ | Th | 滑 | at |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brantord |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Tu }}^{\text {Tu }}$ | $\stackrel{\text { wion }}{\substack{\text { w }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {Th }}$ | $\xrightarrow{\text { Prir }}$ | sat |  |
| Sorth Bay | ${ }^{11.28}$ | Mo |  |  | $\underset{\text { Th }}{\text { Th }}$ |  |  |  |
| Csrlaton Junction． <br> Ottawn |  | Mo | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{7 u}{7 u} \\ & \frac{u}{u} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{w}_{88}^{6} \\ \hline 8 . \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\text {cha }}^{\text {Th }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Pr }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Sat }}$ |  |
| criville | ${ }^{0.50 .50 m}$ | Mo | ${ }_{\text {Tu }}$ | wo | $\frac{\text { Th }}{\substack{\text { Th }}}$ | ${ }^{\mathrm{Fr}}$ | sat | ， 10 |
| Moutreal．Windor St． | $\frac{10.10 .7 ~}{\text { 6m }}$ | Mo | Tu | ${ }^{\text {we }}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{rb}}{}$ | ${ }_{\text {Fril }}$ | Sat | Su1 |
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# Canadian Pacific Railway 

 ANNOTATED TIME TABLEQUEBEC and MONTREAL: 172 Miles
Eastern Division



## EBMOREEDE



| $\begin{gathered} \text { Milen } \\ \text { frame } \\ \text { Yontreel } \end{gathered}$ | West bound Tha | Stations-Descriptive Notes | East. bound Tratin | Mileem |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LEAVE <br> An. <br> cient. custums | perfectly level and closely cult:vated plain, cut up into the narrow fields that characterize French farming districts throughout the older parts of Quebec, and result from the continual sub-division of bequeathed estates. The compact villages are very prosperous and much resorted to in summer by city people. In each one the churches and educational or charitable institutions of the Roman Catholic faith are the most conspicuous buildinga. Near Louiseville (pop. 1,800), where Lake St. Peter is seen, are the St. Leon (Saline) Springs, a popular watering-place and health resort. Berthier and Lanoraie junctions are the stations for populous river-landings of the same names, reached by short branch lines; the former has a population of 2,000 . From Joliette | LAEAVE <br> Lake St. Peter |  |
| 48 |  | Junc. diverge | 10.02 | 2928 |
| 43 |  | La Valtrie branch lines <br> northward to  | 9.53 | 2924 |
| 39 | No | Vaucluse JoLietire (pop. | 9.45 | 2920 |
| 35 | Stop | L'Eplphanle 3,500), Sit. FELIX | 938 | 2916 |
| 26 |  | St. Henri ${ }_{\text {de }}$ DE ALlois (pop. | 9.21 | 2007 |
| 23 |  | Terrebonne riel de Brandon. | 0.15 | 2904 |
| 17 | P.M. | St. Vlncent de At Terrebonne <br> Paul  | 9.04 | 2898 |
| 12 | 6.00 | St. Martin Junc. of the Ottawa is | 8.55 | 2884 |
| 10 | 6.06 | Sault aux Re- <br> collets arethelimestone <br> quarries which <br> quan  | f8.44 | 2886 |
| 5 | 6.17 | Mile-End $\begin{array}{l}\text { furnish most of } \\ \text { the stone used in }\end{array}$ <br>   | 8.35 | 2901 |
|  |  | the neighboring cities, and in railway bridge-building, and other heavy masonry. The large building passed at St. Vincent de Paul is the provincial penitentiary. AtSt. Martin Junction the main transcontinental line is joined and followed around the hase of Mount Royal into Montreal. |  |  |
| 0 | 6.30 P.M. | Montreal-Place Viger Station and hotel, a new and handsome structure erected and operated by the Canadian Pacific Ry. Co. | t8.20 | 2906 |

$\|$ Refreshment Stations.
$f$ Fleg Station.
$t$ A ditional trains leave Montreal for Quebec at $2.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. week days and 11.00 p.m. ally, Sundaye included, arriving Quebeo at 7.00 p.m. and 7.00 a.m. the follo ${ }^{-n}$ g morning. Sunday train leaves Montreal at 3.30 p.m., arriving Quebec at 9.50 1 1.

# Short Line 

## HALIFAX AND MONTREAL: 756 MIles

Atlantic Division
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Halifax-Population 40,000. The capi-
tal of Nova Scotia, and from its long association with the military and navy of the Mother Country, the most thoroughly British city on the continent. The fame of its magnificent harbor is known in every land, and it is universally acknowlenged to be the finest in the world. Halirax is the present winter port for the English mail steamships, and is a British military and naval station. It is a strongly fortified city, chief of the fortifications being the Citadel, elevated 258 feet above sea-level, and commanding the city and harbor ; McNab's and George's Islands in the harbor are also strongly fortified, the former said to be impregnable. The fortifications, the Arm, Bedford Basin, the Dockyard ; Point Pleasant, a public resort owned by the Imperial authorities, and leased to the City of Halifax; the public buildings, gardens, etc., etc., are all worth a visit. Halifay has communication with all parts of the world by steamer and sailing vessels, and enjoys a very imporlant trade with Europe, the United States, the West Indies, etc., etc.

## Bedford

## Windsor Junc.

 Shubenacadie StewiackeThe Dominion Atlantic Ry., whose trains from Halifax branch off at Windsor Junction to the west and south to Yarmouth, gives an alternate route to St. John, N.B., by a splendid steamer service across the Bay of Fundy, between Digby and that city. The railway traverses that land of nationin and romantic associations, the matchless Annapolis Valley, scene of many a stirring incident in olden days, and famed the world over as the home of Longfellow's Evangeline. thriving tawion 5,500. A pretty and thriving town in the midst of most picturesque scenery. Speckled trout
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*Stops at Westmount to take on and let off passengers for or from Newport or Sherbreoke (inciuding St. Joins) and beyond. I Refreshment Stations.
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## Connecting Routes to and from Montreal.


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# Transcontinental Rail Route 

## MONTREAL and VANCOUVER: 2908 Miles

Eastern Divislon, Montreal to Fort Wililam: $\mathbf{9 9 8}$ Miles


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1 Daily, except Sunday.
}
\(f\) Flag Station.

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\text { boine }\end{array}\right]\)
\end{tabular} Between Portage la Prairie and Brandon, stations succeed one another at intervals of five or eight miles. and inany of them are surrounded by bright and busy towns; and at nearly all are tall and massive elevators, with now and then a flouring mill. After passing through a bushy district, with frequent pondsand small streams, containing many stock farms, for which it is peculiarly adapted, the railway rises from Austin along a sandy slope to a plateau, near the centre of which is situated C'arberry (pop. 1500), an important grain market. From Sewell it descends again to the valley of the Assiniboine. The Brandon Hills are seen towards the southwest. From Chater, the Great Northwest Central Railway, running northwestward towards the Saskatchewan country, is operated to Hamiota, a distance of 51 miles. Four miles beyond Chater the Assiniboine is crossed by an iron bridge and Brandon is soon reached.
Brandon-Alt. 1,150 ft. Pop. 5,800. A divisional point; and one of the largest grain markets in Manitoba; and the distributing market for an extensive and well settled country. It has eight grain elevators, flouring mill, large planing mills and a number of manufactories. The town is beautifully situated on high ground, and although only fourteen years old, has well-made streets and many substantial buildings. A Dominion Experimental Farm and a Provincial Asylum are established near the city. The Pipestone Branch line runs from here to Reston, about 63 miles south. At Menteith Jct. it connects with the Souris Branch which runs 133 miles south-west to Estevan, located on the Soo-Pacific line, connecting the Oanadian North.West with the Middle and North-Western States of the Union. The standard time changes
Kemnay Griswold Oak Lake 11.20 Routledre here to "Moun-tain"-Gne hiur slower. Beyond Brandon therailway draws away from the Assini-





\section*{HEMORANDA}



\section*{MEMORANDA}





Woat. 

Irvine Dunmore
Dunmore Jct. at intervals to Maple Creek. At extensive yards for the shipment of cattle, many of which are driven here from Montana. Thetownissupported by trade with the cattle ranches, and farming is successfully carried on in the vicinity. Neart re town is a police station, and not far away is a Cree Indian village. From Forres to Dunmore, rocks of the Cretaceous age occur, in which the remains of gigantic saurians and other extinct animals are abundant. At Dunmore, the Canadian Landand Ranche Company have what may be taken as a typical mixed farm, for not only are capital crops raised here, but a number of valuablehorsesand cattlearebred and pastured here. From Dunmore, the Crow's Nest Railway leads off westerly past Lethbridge, one of the chief sources of the coal supply for the country east to Winnipegand through - the Crow's Nest Pass of the Rocky Mountains, to Kootenay Lake and to themines of West Kootenay, in whose greater development it is proving a powerful factor by supplying cheap fuel for its smelters from the Fernie mines. It is also opening up the new mining region of EastKootenay whose richness has been established, and creating a new market for the products of the prairies of Western Canada. Lethbridge is animportant town near tho centre of the Macleod ranching district, and a narrow-gauge railway runsfromit south to theinternational boundary line and thence on to Great Falls, Mont. From Dunmore Jct., the Canadian Pacific Railway drops into the valley of the South Saskatchewan, which is crossed by a fine steel bridge at Medicine Hat.
Medicine Hat-Alt. 2,150 ft. (indicating the local depression of the rivervalley). Pop. 1200. A railwaydivisional point, with repairshops, etc., at which a stop of 30 minutes is made. The town is in the centre of a magnificent ranching district, and has churches, hospital and other public buildingsi. An important station of the Mounted Police is established here. There are several coal mines in the vicinity, and the river is navigable for steamboats for some distance above and for 800 miles below to Lake Winnipeg.

\section*{Stair
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\section*{MEMOKANDA}

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\section*{MEMORANDA}

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Railway divisional point, near which are large coal mines, in which with those at Anthracite \(\$ 1,000,000\) have been invested. Here an observation car, specially designed to allow an unbroken view of the wonderful mountain scenery, is attached to the train from May lst to Oct. 15th. From the


\section*{EEMORANDE}
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STATIONS-Degcriptive Nothe
Banff, as well as at Lake Louise and the Great Glacier, experienced Swiss guides will be stationed during the summer of 1890, who will arrange short daliy excursions and accompany parties to points of interest in the respective localities.
Oascade-Alt. 4,475 ft. Upon leaving Banif the railway rejoins the Bow and followsit up through a forested valley. The view back ward is very fine. The Vermillion lakes are skirted, and ahead an excellent view is had of Mt. Massive and the snow-peaks far to the west, enclosing Simpson's Pass. Then a sharp turn discloses straight ahead the great heap of snowy ledges that form the eastern crest of Pilot Mt. Hole-in-the-wall Mt. is passed upon the right, and then, a little beyond the station (where the park is left at the western corner), Oastle Mt. looms up ahead, on the right, a sheer precipice of 5,000 feet-a giant's kecp, stretching for miles, with turrets, bastlons and battlements complete.
Castle MountainCastle Mountain station is at the base of the great peak whose
Eldon-Alt. 4,720 ft. name it takes. After passing this point, the mountains on each side become exceedingly grand and prominent. Those on the right (northeast) form the bare, rugged and sharply serrated Sawback sub-range, with a spur, called the Slate Mis., in the foreground at Laggan. On the left, the lofty Bow range fronts the valley in a series of magnificent snow-laden promontories. At flrst, enchanting glimpses only are caught through the trees, as you look ahead; but before Eldon is reached, the wholelong array is in plain view. Turning to the left, and looking back, the central peak of Pilot Mt. is seen, like a leaning pyramid high above the square-fronted ledges visible before. Next to it is the less lofty, but almost equally imposing, cone of Copper Mt., squarely opposite the sombre precipices of the Castle. Westward of Copper Mt., the gap of Vermillion Pass opens through the range, permitting a view of many a lofty spire and icy crest along the continental watershed, from whose glaciers and snow-flelds the Vermillion River flows westward.into the Kootenay. West of the entrance into Vermillion Pass etretches the long, rugged, wall-like front of Mt . Temple; and beyond it, standing supreme over this part of the range, the prodigious, isolated, helmet-shaped mountain named Lefroy-the loftiest and grandest In this whole panorama. This
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\hline & ARRIVE & great mountain becomes visible at Cascade station, and from Eldon almost to the summit it is the nost conspicuous and admirable feature of & LEA VE & \\
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\section*{LAGGAN AND VANCOUVER: 526 Miles Pacific Divislon}


Adultional trains run between the various points at which the "Imperial Limited" trains do not stop. See current time tables for full particulars.
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the "Great Divide," and a sparkling stream separates into two, the waters of one flowing to the Pacific, and of the other to Hudson's Bay. From here the line descends rapidly, passing the keautiful Wapta Lake at Hector, and crossing the deep gorge of the Wapta, or Kickinghorse, River just beyond. The scenery is now sublime and almost terrible. The line clings to the mountain-side at the left, and the valley on the right ranidly deepens until the river is seen as a gleaming thread a thousand feet below. Looking to the right, one of the grandest moun-tain-valleys in the world stretches away to the north, with great, white, glacier-bound peaks on either side. Looking ahead, the dark angular peak of Mt. Field is seen. On the left the Duomo-like head of Mt. Stephen ( 8,000 feet above the valley), and the spires of Cathedral Mt. still further to the left, occasionally appear over the tree-tops. Soon the slope of Mt. Stephen is reached, and on its shoulder, almost overhead, is seen a slining green glacier, 800 feet in thickness, which is slowly pressing forward and over a vertlcal cliff of great height. Here, too. can be seen a silver-lead mine on the mountain side, 2,500 fect above its base. Passing through a short tunnel, and hugging the base of the mountain closely themain peak is lost to view for a few minutes; but as the train turns sharply away, it soon reappears with startling suddenness, and when its highly colored dome and spires are illuminated by the sun it seems to rise as a flame shooting into the sky.
Field-Alt. \(4,050 \mathrm{ft}\). At Field is a charming chalet hotel managed by the railway company-the Mt. Stephen House-not far from the base of Mt. Stephen and facing Mt. Field. This is a favorite stopping place for tourists, and has been recently enlarged to meet the wants of increased travel. There is excellent fly flshing for trout in a pretty lake six miles away, and a fossil bed and crystal cave are near the village. Looking down the valley from the Hotel, the Ottertail Mts, are seen on the left, and the Van Horne range on the right. The two most prominent peaks of the latter are Mts. Deville and King. the former on the right. Emerald Lake, seven miles away, and reached by an excellent trail, which crosses a natural bridge, is one of the most pleasing places for tourists to spend a day.
\begin{tabular}{c|c} 
Ottertail-Alt. & Two miles be- \\
\(3,700 \mathrm{ft}\). & yond Field, very
\end{tabular} \(3,700 \mathrm{ft}\).



\section*{MEMORANDE}

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Pa pushes its huge mass forward like a wedge between the Otter-tail and Beaverfoot ranges. The river turns abruptly against its base and plunges into the lower Kicking Horsecanyon, down which it disputes the passage with the railway.

Glenogle
oiden -Alt. 2550 ft .
Moberly-Alt. 2540 ft .
The train suddenly emerges into daylight \&s Golden is reached. The broad river ahead is the Columbia moving northward, The supremely beantiful mountains heyond are the Selkirks, rining from their forest-clad bases andl ice-crowned beads fa: in the wiot They extend in an apatar iy argbroken line from the south wat to \(t\).
 remote distance. Racellel vicu the \% and rising eastward from the Co ina range upon range, are the Ror sio: only the loftiest peaks to be secm just

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SEMOHANDA

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\section*{STATIONS-Descriptive Notes}
a line of huge tree-clad hills, occasionally showing snow-covered heads above the timber line. Nature has worked hore on so gigantic a scale that many travellers fail to notice the extraordinary height of the spruce, Douglas fir and cedar trees, which seem to be engaged in a vain competition with the mountains themselves. From Six-Mile Creek station, one sees ahead, up the Beaver valley, a long line of the higher peaks of the Selkirks, en echelon, culminating in an exceedingly lofty pinnacle, named Sir Donald, with which a more intimate acquaintance will be made at Glacier House. Again, from Mountain Creek bridge, a few miles beyond, where a powerful torrent comes down from high mountains northward, the same view is obtained, nearer and larger, and eight peaks can be counted in a grand array, the last of which is Sir Donald, leading the line. A little further on, Cedar Creek is crossed, and not far west of it is a very high bridge, spanning a foaming cascade, whence one of the most beautiful prospects of the whole journey is to be had. So impressed were the builders with the charm of this magnificent picture of mountains, that they named the spot The Surprise. The principal difficulty in construction on this part of the line was occasioned by the torrents, many of them in splendid cascades, which come down through narrow gorges cut deeply in to the steep slopes along which the railway creeps. The greatest of all these bridges crosises Stony Oreek-a noisy rill, flowing in the bottom of a narrow, \(V\)-shaped channel, 300 feet below the rails-one of the loftiest railway bridges in the world. As Bear Creek station is approached, a brief but precious glimpse is caught of Hermit Mt., through a gap in the clilifs on the right. This station is 1,000 feet above the Beaver, whose upper valley can be seen penetrating the mountains southward for a long distance. The line here leaves the Beaver and turns up Bear Oreek along continuing giades of 116 feet to the mile. Many of the difficulties of the railway from snow in the winter occur between Bear Creek and the summit on the east and for a similar distance on the west slope of the Selkirks, and these have been completely overcome by the construction, at vast expense, of sheds, or more properly tunnels, of massive tlinber work. These are built of heavy squared cedar timber, dove-tailed and bolted jogether,


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\section*{EEMOHANDA}

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\section*{IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)}


Photographic
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\section*{MEMORANDA}




\section*{STATIUNS-Descriptive Notes}
wooded crags, above which sharp, distant peaks cut the sky. The most striking of these canyons is the Albert, where the river is seen nearly 300 ft . below the railway, compressed into a boiling iume scarcely 20 ft . wide. The train stops here for a few minutes, and solidly built balconies enable passengers to safely look into the boiling cauldron below.
Twin Butte - This station takes its name from the huge double summit near by, now called Mounts Macken-zie-Tilley. After passing the station, there looms up at the right the conspicuous ard beautiful peak named Clachnacoodin. As the western base of the Selkirks is approached, the narrow valley again becomes a gorge, and the railway and river dispute the passage through a chasm with vertical rocky walls standing but ten yards apart. The line suddenly emerges into a comparatively open, level and forest-covered space, swings to the right and reaches Revelstoke, the great gateway to the wonderfully rich mining camps of West Kootenay. Revelstoke-Alt. \(1,475 \mathrm{ft}\). Population 2,000. On the Oolumbia River-a railway divisional point and a gateway to the great West Kootenay -aining camps. The town was originally located on the river-bank, a mile-and-a-half from the station, but the past year has seen its growth to the depot grounds. The Oolumbia, which has made a great detour around the northern extremity of the Selkirks, while the railway has come directly across, is here much larger than at Donald, from which it has fallen \(1,050 \mathrm{ft}\)., and 28 miles below Revelstoke expands into the Arrow lakes, along which ther is much beautiful country, and where the opportunities for sport are unlimited. To reach the mining resions by this route, involves a must delightful trip on the branch line to Arrowhead and steamer down Arrow Lake to Nakusp and Robson. Nakusp is near the foot of the upper lake, where rail communication is made with Roseberry and New Denver,onSlocanLake (from whichC.P.R. steamer Slocan runs to Slocan City at the southern extremity of the lake, where rail connection has been established with the LowerKootenay river) and with Sandon, in the very centre of the rich Slocan silver mining regions. The sail between Nakusp and Robson, a run of 165 miles, is through lovely scenery. From Hobson, the Columbia \& Kontenay Branch runs along the banks of the Lower Koot-

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\section*{DEMOKSNDA}



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\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{24.11} & Salmon Arm \\
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 within a day caribou are abundant; the deer shooting southward within 30 miles is very good, and on the lakes there is famous sport in deep trolling for trout. The London Times has well described this part of the line:-"The Eagle River leads us "down to the GreatShuswap Lake, so " named from the Indian tribe that "lived on its banks and who still have "a 'reserve' there. This is a most re"markable body of water. It lies " among the mountain ridges, and con"sequently extends its long narrow "arms along the intervening valleys "like a huge octopus in half-a-dozen "directions. These arms are many "miles long, and vary from a few " hundred yards to two or three miles " in breadth, and their high, bold "shores, fringed by the little narrow "beach of sand and pebbles, with "alternating bays and capes, give "beautiful views. The railway crosses " one of these arms by a drawbridge "at Sicamous Narrows, and then "goes for a long distance along the "southern shores of the lake, running "entirely around the end of the "Salmon arm." Sicamous is the station for the mining and agricultural districts to the south where there is large settlement. A branch railvay runs to Vernon and Okanagan, at the head of Lake Okanagan, a magnificent sheet of water on which the steamer "Aberdeen" plies to Kelowna and to Penticton, at the foot of the lake, from which the new Boundary Oreek mining region is reached. There is excellent hotel accommodation at Penticton for travellers to and from the Fairview, Camp McKinney and Boundary Oreek camps, now almost rivalling the Trail Creek country in their attractiveness to mining men. Vernon is a charming spot, and the whol country is a veritable earthly paradise. Near Kelowna, on the lake shore,


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\section*{TEMORANDA}



\section*{REMORANDA}

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Ruby Oreek Agassla the vicinity. At garnets found in gassiz, overlooked by Mt. Ohe-am, is a Government experimental farm where frult and grain are grown in great varfety. Agassiz is the station for Harrison Springs (hot sulphur), on Harrison Lake, flve miles north. These springs are famed for their curative properties, and are visited by invalids fromeverywhere on the Paciflc Ocast. The St. Alice hotel affords accommodations, and the country about is most interesting. Near Harrison Station the Harrison River is crossed just above its confluence with the Fraser. Until the opening of the Fraser route, in 1864, the only access to the northern interior of the province was by way of the Harrison valley. A few miles beyond Nicomen, Mount Baker comes into view on the left, fifty miles away-a beautiful isolated cone, rising 14,000 feetabove the railway level. From Mission Jc. a branch line crosses the Fraser River and runs to the international boundary line where rail connection is made with the Seattle \& International Ry. for Seattle, Wash., thence via Northern Pacific Rd. to Tacoma, Portland, all Oregon and California points. This line gives through connection for all the prominent points on Puget Sound, and for Portland and San Francisco. (See Condensed Time 'rable on pages 2 and 3.) Eight miles beyond at the crossing of the Stave River, the finest view of Mt. Baker ishad, looking back and up the Fraser, which has now become a smooth and mighty river. The celebrated Pitt Meadows are traversed and a coupleof miles before reaching New Westminster Junction, the Pitt River is crossed. Immense trees are now frequent, and their sizeis indicated by the enormous stumps near the railway. town of New Westminster
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\end{tabular} on the Fraser River, nine miles dis-tant-the business portion of which was destroyed by flre in September, 1898. It is, however, being rapidly rebuilt, the citizens showing great energy and enterprise. The town is the headquarters of the salmon can-

\section*{HEMORANDA}


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MEMOKANDA
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\hline  &  & spicuous. The climate is that of the south of England, and the town is peculiarly English in all its characteristics. Besides \(t^{2}\) a magnificent Government buildings, which rank am'ngst the handsomest in America, the city has many fine public and private structures, among them a large and well appointed opera house. Beacon Hill Park affords a fine view of the waters and mountains on every side. The city has an extensive trade and many large commercial houses, which do a very large outfitting trade for the Klondike. The Chinese quarter is always interesting to visitors. A railway extends north-easterly 70 miles to the great coal-mines at Nanaimo. Steamboats afford connections with Vancouver daily, end with Puget Sound ports, daily except Sundays; and steamships depart about every five days for San Francisco, connecting there for southern California, Mexico and South American west-coast ports. Steamers from and to Vancouver for Japan, China, Hawaiian Islands, Queensland, and Australia stop at Victoria for passengers, and there are regular sailingsfor Alaskan points both for tourists visiting the wonderful fords of the north coast, and those intending to explore the great cold-belt of the Yukon. Esquimalt Harbor, two miles from Victoria, is the British naval station and rendezvous on the North Pacific, with naval storehouses, workshops, graving docks, etc. A number of men-of-war are to te found there at all times, and immense fortifications are being constructed. &  & \\
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\section*{Local Steamship Service on the Paciffc Coast}

An extensive steamship coast servioe is provided in oonnection with the Cana dian Paoifio Railway. From Vancouver steamere piy daily to Victoria; to Nanaimo daily, exoept Friday, on arrival of Paciflo Express.

From Viotoria, steamers depart daily, Suadays excepted, for Puget Sound Ports; every five days for San Franoisoo. Steamers from both Vannouver and Viotoria to Puset Sound, make oonneotions at Tacoma with trains fo. Portland, Ore., Ran Franoisoo and Pouthern Oalifornia.
\(\xrightarrow{\substack{\text { d } \\ \text { from } \\ \text { Vanc'r'r }}}\)


\section*{Lake Route}
(SUMMER MONTHS ONLY)

Montreal and Toronto: 338 Miles Ontario \& Quebec Division

Toronto and Owen Sound: 122 \ Iles Ontario \& Quebec Division

Owen Sound and Fort William : 555 Miles Lake steamship

\(t\) Additional train leaves Montreal for Toronto at 8.55 a.m. on week days, arriving Toronto 7.00 p.m. Buffet Cars are run on all trains between Montreal and Toronto. \|Refreshment Station. f Flag Station "Stops only to take om and let of passengers from Toronto and wost.

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\section*{TheSt.Lawrence curves away towards the south, while the rail-} way keeps on a direct course towards Toronto, passing through a beautiful farmingcountry, with many orchards, and with tracts of the original forest here and there. At st. Polycarpe Junction the Canada way is crossed, and at Kemptville Junction the St. Lawrence and Ottawa section of the Canadian Paciflc Railway, extending northward to Ottawa and southward to Prescott, where connection is made during summer months with the River St. Lawrence steamers, and during summer and winter by ferry with the R.W. \& O. Div. of N.Y.C. running to all important points in New York State. At Merrickville, a consider-- able manufacturing town, a fine iron bridge carries the line over the Rideau River.
 of the Oanadian Pacific Railway; and at Carleton Place, 13 miles northward, with the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway (see page 10). The town has a number of important manufactories, for which, falls in the Rideau River afford ample water-power. Superior brick are made here and good buildingstone abounds. Excellent refreshment rooms at the station.
Perth-Pop. 4,000. A prosperous town with a number of mills, and an extensive manufactory of railway cars. Quarries of fine building scone and deposits of mineral phosphates are worked in the vicinity.

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\hline 168 & 1.37 & Sharbot Lake \\
\hline 175 & & Mountain Grove \\
\hline 180 & & Ardendale \\
\hline 191 & 2.29 & Kaladar \\
\hline 199 & & Hungerford \\
\hline 207 & 2.57 & Tweed \\
\hline 210 & 3.12 & Ivanhoe \\
\hline 225 & \(f 3.28\) & Central Ont. Jc. \\
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Lawrence to Renfrew on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, is crossed at Sharbot Lake, a favorite resort of sportsmen, and especially noted for the good fishing it affords. Tweed, on the Moira River, a logging streanl, is a busy town in the centre of a rich farming and dairying district. Connection is here made with the Bay of Quinte Railway \& Nav. Company to Tamworth, Napanee and Deseronto (and Kingston by day train from the West). Central Ontario Junction is at the crossing of the Central Untario Railway, extending from Picten and Trenton on Bay of Quinte, northward to a number of large and
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238
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244
Havelock

\section*{Norwood}

Indian River extensively worked iron mines. Havelock is a railway divisional point, with the usual buildings. At Norwood a fine farming country is reached, for which this is the market town.
Peterboro'-Pop. 10,000. On the Otonabee River, which here falls 150 feet within a few miles, affording an immense water-power, which is utilized by many large mills and manufactories. The town is well built and has a large trade. The surrounding country has extraordinaryattractions for sportininen and pleasure seekers. Beautiful lakes, rivers and waterfalls occur in all directions, and the fishing is especieully good. The Peterboro' or Rice Lake canoe, so well known to all sportsme:a, is made here, and with one of them a great extent of territory may be reached from here. Railway lines centre here from half-a-dozen directions.

\section*{Oavanville Manvers pontypool Burketon \\ Myrtic \\ Olaromont
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Market stations for a fline agricultural country. Wheat, rye,oats, barley, butior, cheese and fruit are largely produced and much attention is given to cattle breeding.
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\hline Wound bound
Truln & STATIONS-Desoriptive Noteg \\
\hline Arrive & Leaside Junc.-Express trains run through by way of Toronto Union Station to Toronto Junc. \\
\hline 7.00 & Onto-Pop. 105,000. The capital and \\
\hline A.M. & chief town of Ontario, and the next \\
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\hline East. bound &  \\
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\end{tabular} all English and Scotch, and while the city has strongly marked English characteristics, it is distinctively western in the intensity of its activity and energy. In addition to the numerous railway lines of the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk companies centering here, the N. \& N. W. Div. of the G. T. Ry. System (see page 72) extends northward, past Lake Simcoe, to North Bay on Lake Nipissing, where it connects with the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway Transcontinental Route. Canadian Pacific trains run via Hamilton and Welland to Niagara Falls and Buffalo, making close connection for Rochester, Syracuse, Troy, Allbany and New York. At Toronto Junction the Credit Valley and Toronto, Grey \& Bruce sections of the Canadian Pacific Ry. diverge, the former extending to London and Detroit, connecting at the latter point with the Wabash Rd. for St. Louis, Chicago and other western United States points, and the other during the summer connecting at Owen Sound with the C. P. Ry. Co.'s lake steamships for Sault Ste. Marie and Fort William.
|| Refreshment Stations
Additional train leaves Toronto for Montroal at 9.00 a.m. on week days, arriving at Montreal at \(7.00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}\).

\section*{s, arriv.}



For Route west of Fort Willian see Transcontinental Rail Route, page 24. It is at Fort Wilifin that the Lake and Rail routes unite.

Steamship route is during season of navigation only, say from about 1st May to about 3lst October, and weather and water permitting. Sailings are subjeot to ohange without notioe.

While water is low on Lake Superior, steamers may omit Port Arthur, oalling only at Fort William. In suoh cases Ticket holders to Port Arthur or beyond will be supplied, if they go desire, with rail transportation from Fort William to Port Arthnr.

The Ontario Law prohibits the sale of liquor on all lake steamships sailing hetwhen Ontario pnrts. This includes Upper Lake Steamships between Owen Sound and Fort William.

\section*{ADVERTISING ON THE OANADIAN PAOIFIO RAILWAY.}

For terms for displaying advertisements on the premises of the Oanadian Pacifio Railway along its lines, apply to the Aoton Bayrown Company, Eead Omce, 29 Zolinds ift., Toronto. Branoh Offces: - 197 yombard ibtreet, Wlanipeg, and Inns of Court Duilding. Vanoouver, Canada.

\section*{Ontario Route}

Toronto and North Bay : 227 Miles, G. T. Ry


\(\|\) Refreshment Station.

\section*{©Bonton \\ © Boston. Boatcon. - Buiftalo.: Chilago Chloago Chicago Ohlcago Detroit Detrolt
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Uttawa
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\hline Utta & & - 10.85 pm & 2.00 & & \\
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1.00 \\
\hline Toronto & Ohicago & + 7.20 & 8.00 & - 7.30 em & 2.00 \\
\hline Toronto ................... & North Bay & +6.10 \({ }^{\circ}\) & 2.00 & - 1.00 pm & - 1.00 \\
\hline Toronto.................. u & u Owen gound . . . . . . . . . . . & & & 11.80 pm & . 50 \\
\hline Toronto . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & - Vancouver via North Bay. & +1.00 \({ }^{\circ}\) & 17.50 & & \\
\hline Toronto .................. & - St. Paul, via North Bay & & 6.00 & ........... & \\
\hline Vancouver & Montreal & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1.15 \mathrm{c} \\
& 1.15 \mathrm{pm}
\end{aligned}
\] & 18.00
12.00 & ... & \\
\hline Winnlpeg & Vancouve & - 7.15 gm & 12.00 & & \\
\hline OWInnlpeg & St. Paul & - 8.10 pm & 3.00 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- Daily, © Daily except sun, tDaily except Bat. San. only, aa From 30th June to 4th Sopt. only, Farlor Cars from about 26 th June to ahout 1st October. \(u\) From about 1st June to about 30 th Sept. \(y\) Sun, Tues, Thurs, only. O Sleeping Car lines operated partly by O.P. By, and partly sleeping Car Co's.
Blseping Car Seotions, in Canadian Paoific Cart, double the berth rate. In Drawing Rooms bgtween three and four times the berth rate.
Acoommodation in First Claga Bloeping Cars and in Parlor Cara will be soid only to hpider o. Firat Clase transporiation.
Two adults, when travililing toartheb and boabding oar at eaym etation, will be allowed to ocoupy a berth on one berth ticket, four a section on one section ticket, and iz a drawing room on one drawing room ticket, if esch presents a raliway passage tioket
CapAdian Pacifo Rdilway Agents stated below have car diagrams for looating passengers;
other thoket agenth wili secure accommodation on application to them
Bonton..W. BEA/HON. 187 Taghington St
alifac. \(A\), BIIULMAN, 283 Maln \(8 t\).
familiton. W.J.GRA ST, cor.KIng and. ..ames 8ts.
n Montreal..W. F. Brig. 129 St. Jamea St
- Dttawa..GEO. LUNOAN, 42 Sparzs St,
gamit \&te. Marle, Mich. .....T. R. HARVEY 107 Portage Avenue West, and Steamshlp Whart
 n Toronto........ O. E. BUNTING 1 xing St. Rant. Vapeouver..JAS. SCLATER, 8tn. Ticket Agent. Quebee..E. H. CREAN, Oppoite Poat Omice.

WImniber..W. M, MCLEOD, cor. Maln 8t. and The MeDermott Ave.
\(00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}\). All oity .00 p.m. All city otmcos aro clowed on Sunday i and logal houdaym, and cloio at \(6.00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}\). wook dyys
st, Paul, will be held at following atations several hours before the arrival of sleepling
Cars, and aocommodation may be teoured by tolegram or lotfer.
IMPERIAL LTMITED (Westbonnd)-North Bay, Ft. Willam, Winnipeg, Oalgary (from ist Nov.
to IOth April), Banif, (from 1st May to 81st Oct.), Glacler, Revelstoke (from Lat Nov, to 90th Apri).

from ist Nov, to coth April), Winnipeg, Ft. Wuliam, North Bey.
ST. PAul Exp, - Lontreal, A. Ste. Mario, Mioh, Bobron Eyp-Mpntreal, B.8te. Mario Mioh.
Tolegrams or letters direot to above agente will recelve prompt attention. When ordering, bo perticulat to state number of ', borthe or seotions, ote., required, the train, from and to what polnts, date of dtarting, and noute. Aoknowled fingnt will be sont by mail unicaul apeolaily recuented to tolecraph.
gep-ovor-iFoldern of Chrough Eleoping Car THoketw, readinz through both Winnipeg and
 steis or Arerth Bend.


\section*{To Japan and China-C.P. R. Roval Mail Steamship Line.}

The Canadian Paolfio Rallway Co's fast steamahip service on the Paolfo Ooean givea the shortent, safest and beet route batwsen Canada and the Orient, and also forms an important link in the popular "Around the World "trip. By the White Emprese Line of the Oanadian Paolifo, touriste oan easily reach elther Japan or China, and visit at leisure the manv"-icractive and ourions places to be found ln thono countrlea, and they can, if they wath, oontinue the journey to Australla or around the world. The ronte from vancouver, B.C., to Yokohama, Japan, Shanghal, Ohina, and Hong Konge, is 800 milios ahorter than any other transpactio route, and Vancouver is aeveral hundred miles nearer to the Xtiantio than any other Pacisc port. The passage is generally a very plaasant one, the course taken avoiding the uncertala weather of more southerly latitndea, and with experienced ana oourteous officers the traveller la assured of safety, comfort and plessure.

The ateamships "Kmprese of India," "Emprese of China" and "Empress of Japan," bullt under contraot with the Imperial Government to carry the Royal malla, are staunch speedy and spacioug. They are uniformly bullt of 6,000 tona burthen, are 485 feet In length, with 51 feet breadth of beam, and are the only twinsorew ateamships on the Pacitic. They are of 10,000 horse power, have triple expan elon engines, and steam 19 knots per hour.

The cabins are largeand roomy and contain all the modern improvements, many new features belng added, and no expense has been spared in theirluxurious fittinga. The promenades are extensive and Yree from obatructiong. The Baloons, smoking Rooms, Soclal Halle and all passenfer s.ocommodation are amidships, and surpase anything afoat. The vessels are ilghted throughout with eiectrialty-in a word modern marine architeeture has in these pulaces excelled itself.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{Intended Sailings-W Estbound} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{N AME OF STEAMSHIP} & \[
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\text { Van. } \\
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hama
\end{tabular} & Kobe & Naga. BakI & Shanghal
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& \text { Dep. } \\
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\] & Arr. & Arr. & Arr. & Arr. & Arr. \\
\hline & & 1889 & 1898 & \({ }^{1899}\) & 1889 & 1899 \\
\hline EMPRESSS OF JHPAN & Aug. \({ }^{\text {Sept }} 11\) & \(\stackrel{\text { Sept. }}{\text { Sept. }} 25\) & Sept. \({ }^{6}\) & Sept. 8 & Sept. 9 & Sept. \({ }^{12}\) \\
\hline KMPRESS OF INDIA & Oct. 9 & Oct. 23 & Oct. 25 & Oct. 27 & Oct. 28 & Oct. 31 \\
\hline EMPRESS OF JAPAN & Nov. 6 & Nov. 20 & Nov. 22 & Nov. 24 & Nov. 25 & Nov. 28 \\
\hline EMPRESS OF CHINA & Dec. & Dec. 18 & Dec. 20 & Dec. 22 & Dec. 23 & Dce. 20 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{And about Every Threm Werers Therrafter} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{Intended Sailinge-Eastbotnd} \\
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{NAME OF STEAMSHIP} & Hong Kong & Shanghal (Woonung) & NagasakI & Kabe & Yokohama & Van. ouver \\
\hline & Dep. & Arr. & Arr. & Arr. & Dep. & Arr. \\
\hline & 1899 & 1899 & 1899 & 1899 & 1899 & 1899 \\
\hline EMPRESS OF INDIA & Aug. 30 & & & & Aug. \({ }^{\text {Sept. }} 8\) & Aug. \({ }^{\text {Al }}\) \\
\hline EMPRESS OF JAPAN & Sept. 27 & Sept. 29 & Oct. 2 & Oct. 3 & Oct. 6 & Oct. 18 \\
\hline EMPRESS OF OHINA..... & Oct. 25 & Oct. \({ }^{27}\) & Oct. 30 & Oct. 31 & Nov. 3 & Nov. 15 \\
\hline EMPRESS OF INDIA ....... & Nov. 22 & Nov. 24 & Nov. 27 & Nov. 28 & Dec 1 & Dec. \({ }^{13}\) \\
\hline EMPRESS OF JAPAN & Dec. 20 & Deo. 22 & Dec. 25 & Dec. 26 & Dec. 20 & \[
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> AND ABOUT GVERY THREE WEERG TERREAFTLR.

The usual atsy at intermediste porta if:-Yokohems, \(\boldsymbol{\mu}\) hours; Kobe, 18 hours; Negecaki, 10 hovrs ; shanghel, 12 to 24 houre, according to tide. Thene periode mesy be rednced or Inorensed ecoording to olroumatanoes. Passengers should acoertain from Oompany's Agente at those ports the exact hours ne departure. steamers leave Vencouver on arrival of \(\mathrm{Ex} \boldsymbol{r}^{\prime \prime}\), yes from the east, and osil at Viotoria to lend and embark paesengers.
Cninadlan-Australlan Royal Mall S.s. Line
This line was established in 1893, and has become the favorite route botween Enrope and America and the Antipodes. Monthly salitngs in both directions, via Honolulu, are made. The magnifioently equippeu steamghips Aorangi, Warrimoo and Miowera are spectally adapted for long aea voyages. The option of itop-oversis allowed firet cabln passengers en route, and at Honolulu many take advantage of this privilege and remain to enjoy the strange aights to be seen in the Ieles of the Paolfic. INTENDED SAILINGS-WESTBOUND
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Name of Steamshid} & Vanoouv'r & Honolulu. & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Brisbane, Qd.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\frac{\text { Bydney }}{\text { Arr. }}\)} \\
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\end{tabular} INTENDED SAILINGS-EASTBOUND

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\section*{＇VLIUGATV}

\section*{camadian pacific rallway}

\section*{RAIMNY LAMDS ON NEW AND EASY.}

The Canadian Pacific Rallway Company's land subeidy, comprising an area of \(25.000,000\) acres, lies close to the Main Inne and Branches in Manitobe, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta. The lands have been oarefully seleoted by compotert surveyors, enabling the Company to offer lands of the highest grade to intendin. purohasers at rron \(\$ 3.00\) to \(\$ 5.00\) per aore, and the purohaser may go into immedi: ate possession on payment of one-tenth of the purohaee money, and interest, which for 160 acres at \(\$ 3.00\) per acre on nine years time would amount to \(\$ 615.20\). The first instalment would be \(\$ 61.52\), the balanoe payable in nine equal instalments of \(\$ 61.52\) each, the frst of such deferred instalments faling due in one year from date of purohase exvept in the case of an aotual setitier requiring the land for his own use, in whioh case the first deferred instalment would fall due in two years and the remaining payments annually thereafter.

The system of equal payments gives the settler a better opportunity to pay for his land out of the proceeds of his orops, than under the old plan, which callod for the heaviest payments early in the term of the oontract, and befcre lie had time to get his land thoroughly under cultivation.

If a purchaser pays in full at time of purohase he will be allowed a reduction from the price eqnal to tel per cent. of the amount paid in exoess of the usual cash instalment.

The Jaluable lands allotted to the Carada North-West Land Co., Ltd., are for sale at the offloe of the Land Dept., and purohasers have the privilege of paying for these lands in the preferred shares of the Land Co., which are aooepted at their par value.

\section*{GOVERNMENT FREE GRANT LANDS}

All surveyed even numbered seotions, excepting 8 and 26 , are held exolusively for homesteads, and entry therefor to the amount of a quarter section (100 acrea) oan be obtained on payment of a fee of ten dollare.

Weatbound Trains stop for suffioient time at Winniper: Station to enable passengers to visit the Land Office of the Company in the Rail way Depot, wh \&re maps and pa.nphlets, desoriptive of the Lands through which the Railvay' passes, can be obtained.

Stop-over privileges between Winnipeg and Calgary will be granted on application to conductor on Through Second Class or Colonist Tiokets to British Columbia or Puget Sound, thus enabiling passengers to make personal inspection of the lands.

For detalled prices, mape and full partioulars apply to

\section*{L. A. HAMILTON, \\ C. IP. R. Land Commissioner, WINNIPEG, MAN.}

\section*{TELEGRAPHS}

The Lelegraph system of the C.P.R. not only extends aloug the entire length of the railway, but also reaches evory point ci importance off the line of Rilway in the Dominion of Canada.

The Commeroial Cable Co. (Mackay-Bennctt System) gives the C. P. R. the mostdirect connection with Europe.

The Postal Tolegraph Uo. of Now York and San Francisco enebles the C.P.2. to reach all tho important points in the United States.

A tariff of charges for Telegrams is posted at all Telegraph Offices, and is kept by all Sleepinf and Parlor Car Porters for inspeotion. Senders of mezsages are requested to compare the charges made with the rates on tariff.

To ensure quiok dispatch to all points. see that your telegrams are written on O.P.E. Telegraph Blanks and are handed in at C.P.R. offioes

CHAS. R. HOSMER,
- Head Office, Montreal. Manager Telegraphs.

\section*{DOMINION EXPRESS COMPANY}

Operating on all lines of the canadian Paolfo, and on other Railways throughout Canaila: Royal IIall Bteameru to and frum Eurone; Canadian Paofío Eoynl Eail gtoumship Iine (to and from all Tres Ports in Japan and China) and Canadian-Aumtralian Line of zoyal dail Etommeipa to Enatralia, via inonolulu, E.I.
Possessing the bost facilities for transporting merchandise, money, bonds and valuablos with security and despatch, between all principal points in Canada, connecting with responsible Express Cc:npanios for all parts of the worid.

Collect drafts, bills (with goods C.O.D.), notes, coupons, end other paper. Depu.u money in bank; record deeds; pay taxes for non-residents; and exeoute any important commissions oarefully, promptly and et reanonable ratos.

Grant Special Rates on produce, and on large consignments of merchandise.
Sell Money Ordorm, payable in Canada, the Unitod Stales and Europe.
Agonoien in Groat Fritain:-7 Jemes St., Liverpool; 67 8t. Firoent st., Glasguv ; 67 and 68 King Wlilian st., London. E.O. and throughout Europe in conneotion with Messre. (teo. W. Wheatley \& Co. and the Globe Parcels Express. speoially anthorized agents for the Company.
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8. T. STEWART, Superintendent
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``` Montreal
J. A. BO8WELL,
a FORD,
01
Toronto
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w. 8. stout, General Manager, Toronto

Whlle the perfect sleeplng and dining car service of the Canadian Pacific Railway provides every comfort and linxury for travellers making the continuous overland through trip. It jus been found necessary to provide placea at the principal polnts of interest among the mountains where tourlata and otheri might explore and elljoy the magnificent amongy.

The Company has erected at convenlent polnts hotels, which, by thelr special excellence, add another to the many elements of superiority for which the liallway is famous.

## THE CHATEAU FRONTENAC-QUEBEC

the qualntest and historically the most Interesting city In America, is one of the fineat hotels on the continent. It occuples a commanding poultion overlooking the St. Lawrence, its site belng, perhaps, the grandest in the world. The Chateau Frontenao was rence, ind in 1893, at a cobt of nearly a willlion dollars.
lates, three dollars and fifty cents per day and upwards, with special arrangements cor laige parties and those making proionged visits.

Address,
,

## PLACE VIGER HOTEL-MONTREAL

a handsome new stincture in which are combined a hotel and station. The bullding which faces Place Viger is most elaborately furniahed and modernls appointed, the general style and elegance, characterizing the Chateau Frontenac at Quebec, being general s
followed.
lates three dellars per day and upwards, with special rates to large parties and gucits maklag an extended vistt. Address:
"Manaokr, Place Viger Hotel, Montrecl, Canada."
THE KAMINISTIQUIA-FORT WILLIAM, ONT.
the western terminus of the Lake Route and of the Eastern Division of the C.P.R.
Rates, two dollars and fifty cente per day and upwards, with special rates to large parties or those making an extended visit.

## Address, <br> "Manager, the Limministiquia Hotel, Fort Willam, Ont." <br> BANFF HOT SPRINGS HOTEL-BANFF, ALBA.

In the Canadian Natlonal Park, on the eastern slope of the Kocky Mountains, is placed on a high mountaln promontory 4,500 fert above ite sea level, at the confluence of the Bow and Spray Rivers, and to a large and handsome structure, with every convenlence that modern ingenulty can suggest, and costing over a quarter of a millín dollars. Open from about 10th May to ith October.

Rates, 83.00 per day and upwaids, according to the rooms. Special rater by the week or month will be glven on application to
"ManaOER Banff Springs Hotel, Banff, Alberta, N.W.T."

## THE LAKE LOUISE CHALET-LAGGAN, ALBA.

This quilet. resting place in the mountaing is sttuated on the margin of Lake Louise, about two and a-half milles distant irom the station al Lagyan, from which there is a good carrlage drive and forms a convenient base from which to explore the Lak: in in the Clinds.

Althoust comfortable beds and good plain meals are at the command of travellers, It is not exactly like the other chalet hotely, being raiher intended as a restlag place, affording meals, etc., to the tourist partles visithig the lakes in the Clouds. Open from about 15 hth June to 15 th September only. Apply to
"MANAGEH, Bantr Springs Hotel, Banff, Alberta, N.W.T." MOUNT STEPHEN HOUSE-FIELD, B.C.
is a pretty chalet-like hotel, fifty miles west of Banfr, In Kicking Horse Canon, at the base of Mount Stephen-the chlef peak of the Rockles, tewering 8,000 feet above. This is a favorite place for tourlats, mountain climbers anu artists, and oport is plentiful, Emerald Lake, seven miles away, belng a capital fishing water.

The rates are three dollars per day, with speclai arrangements for partles stopping a week or longer. Apply to
"MANAGER, Mount Stephen House, Field, B.C." GLACIER HOUSE-GLACIER, B.C.
Is situated in the lieart of the Selkirks, within thirty minutes' walk of the Great Glacier, which covers an area of about thirty-elght square milles.

The hotel, which has recently been enlarged to accommodate the ever-increasing travel, is in a beautiful amphitheatre surrounded by lefty mountains.

The rates are three dollars per day and upwards, with speclal arrangements for paities stoppling a week or longer. Address,
"Managerl, Glacier House, Glacier, B,C."

## HOTEL REVELSTOKE—HEVELSTOKE, B.C.

the gatevay to the Weat Kootenay Gold fields. Thls fine new structure, pleturesquely located in the basin between the Selkirks and Goid Ranges, is handsomely appelnted and complete in all detalls found in leading modern hotels.
dates three dollars per day, and upwards. Apply to
"MANAGEIC, Hotel Revelstoke, Revelstoke, B.c." THE FRASER CANON HOUSE-NORTH BEND, B.C.
130 miles east of Vancouver, is situated on the Fraser River and is inanaged with the same attention to the comfort of its patrons that pervades all branches of the Company's service. The scenery along the Fraser River is well described as "feroclous." and the hotal is a comfortable base from which to explore.

Rates, three dollars per day, with spectal arrangements for partles stopping a week or ? longer. Addresa,
"Manaoer, Fraser Canon House, North Bend, B.C."
HOTEL VANCOUVER-VANCOUVER, B.C.
the Paclfic Coast terminus of the Railway, is a magnificent iotel designed to accommodate the iarge commerclal business of ihe city, as well as the great number of tourists whe always find it proftable and interes ing to make here a stop of a day or longer.

Regular raten, threedollars per day and upwards, with spectal terms for prolonged visits.
address, "MaNAGER, Hotel Vanceuver, Fancouver B.U."

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"The New Highway to the Orlent;" "Summer Tours;" "Fishing and Shooting, Canads;" "Fishlog end Sheoting-Quebeo;" "Spertsman's Map;" "Weatward to the Fir East;" "East to the West;" Guldes to the Princlpal Citien of Japan and Ohiba "TMme-Table with Notes;" "Around the World, "Montreal;" "Quebec-Summer and Winter;" "Aeross Canads to Austraila;" "Banft in the Cenadian Rockies;" "Climatea and Health Resorts of Canmia;" "Hawalian Islands;" "Swise Gutde" Folder. Also numerous pamphlets deecriptive of Manltoba, the Canadian North-West Territories and Britioh Oolumhla; "Western Canada,""British Oolumbla," "Gold in Kootenay and Cartboo"" "Kondike and Yuken Gold tields." "Alaska," The Gold Fielde of New Ontarlo" eto. Most of these publications are handsemely illustrated, and centain much useful information in interenting ohape.




## Canadian Pacific Railway Hotels



WT. STEPHEN HOUSE, Fleta.
HOTEL VANCOUVER, Vancouver.
CHATEAU FRONTENAC, Quebec.
BANFF SPRINOS HOTEL (From Kear).
FRABER GANON HOUSE, North Bend.
THE KAMINISTIQUIA, Fort WIlliam.
THE OLAOIER HOUSE, OIAOLER


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[^0]:    Yolumna hoaded "Dayn of Woek Will ahow day of arrival at dentination by following veme ootumn trom romets din jouracy is cormmenced.
    If water is low inns.
    See page 71.

[^1]:    Columns headed＂Days of Wesk＂will show day of arrival at destination hy following tamo column from tarting poinit on the day journay is commencen． revious．
    If Approximate time． 1 low on Lake Superior，C．P．steamers may omit Port Arthur，calling only at Fort Willam． see page 71.

[^2]:    I Refreshment Stations.

    - Daily, Sundays inciuded.
    $\dagger$ Daily, except Sunday.

